Module 5
Ethics of Preceptorship and Supervision
Chapter 8
(.1 CEUs)

Learner Outcomes
Participants will be able to:
   a. Recognize legal and ethical considerations in serving as a clinical preceptor
   b. Recognizes the legal and ethical considerations in serving as an employee supervisor

Learner Assessment tool
Please circle the correct answer

1. An affiliation agreement between the university and preceptor serves to provide information about expectations, responsibilities, and methods of terminating the relationship.
   a. True
   b. False

2. The academy supports the use of the term “AuD candidate” as it reflects a first-professional degree better than the term “graduate student.”
   a. True
   b. False

3. Medicare law does not allow for reimbursement for services that students provide unless there has been 100% direct, over the shoulder supervision of the student.
   a. True
   b. False

4. Payment of preceptors by a university is disallowed in our code of ethics.
   a. True
   b. False

5. Preceptors accepting student gifts is ethical so long as the gift is valued at less than $100
   a. True
   b. False

6. Dual-relationships with patients (e.g. dating a patient) is disallowed; however, as long as facility personnel rules are followed, close personal relationships with students is considered acceptable so long as it is within the confines of mutual respect.
   a. True
   b. False

7. Chapter 8 takes which view?
   a. Audiology assistant’s title and role must be clear to patients in all cases
   b. So long as the audiologist maintains direct responsibility for the services provided, the title of the service provider is of minimal importance
8. An audiologist is ethically responsible for ensuring that a replacement is found before leaving a job, so that no patients go untreated.
   a. True - Patient needs must be of paramount importance
   b. False - While it is professional to give adequate notice, one need not stay until a replacement is hired

9. Professional recommendations, for either students or for employees, are routinely given on request from a prospective employer, regardless of whether the student/employee authorizes that reference. It is the professional responsibility of the preceptor/supervisor to provide this recommendation honestly and candidly, regardless of the wishes of the student/employee.
   a. True - Concerns for the welfare of patients who would potentially be seen in the new employment setting is the overriding concern
   b. False - Privacy rights of the student/employee take precedence. The candid recommendation should only be given if the student/employee has authorized that information release

10. Why is ASHA CCC retention advantageous for preceptors?
    a. Because students who wish to become certified after graduation must demonstrate to ASHA that they had 1820 clock hours of supervised practicum under a preceptor who maintains ASHA CCC
    b. Because it is unethical to practice unless one possesses all possible credentials, and unethical to demonstrate unethical behavior to students
    c. Because the CCC-A ensures that the preceptor has kept current in all areas of audiology continuing education
    d. All of the above